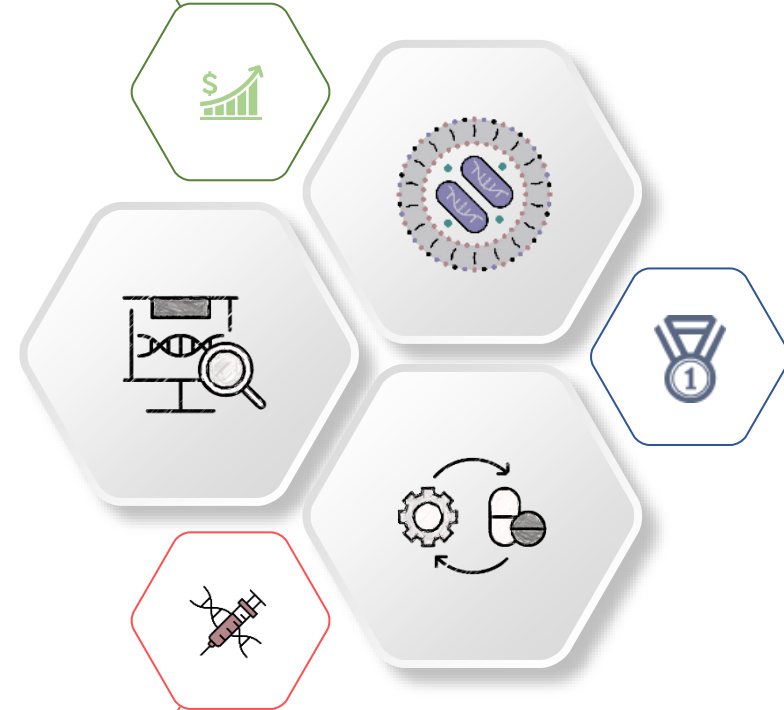


IR Book | Sept. 2025

ST PHARM

Technology Driven Gene Therapy CDMO
From Oligonucleotide to xRNA



Cautionary Statement regarding Forward-looking Statement

This presentation contains forward-looking statements from Dong-A Socio Group ("the Group") that include, but are not limited to, statements regarding our future financial performance, business strategies, market opportunities, product development, and operational plans. Words such as "anticipate," "believe," "estimate," "expect," "intend," "may," "plan," "project," "will," and similar expressions are intended to identify such forward-looking statements.

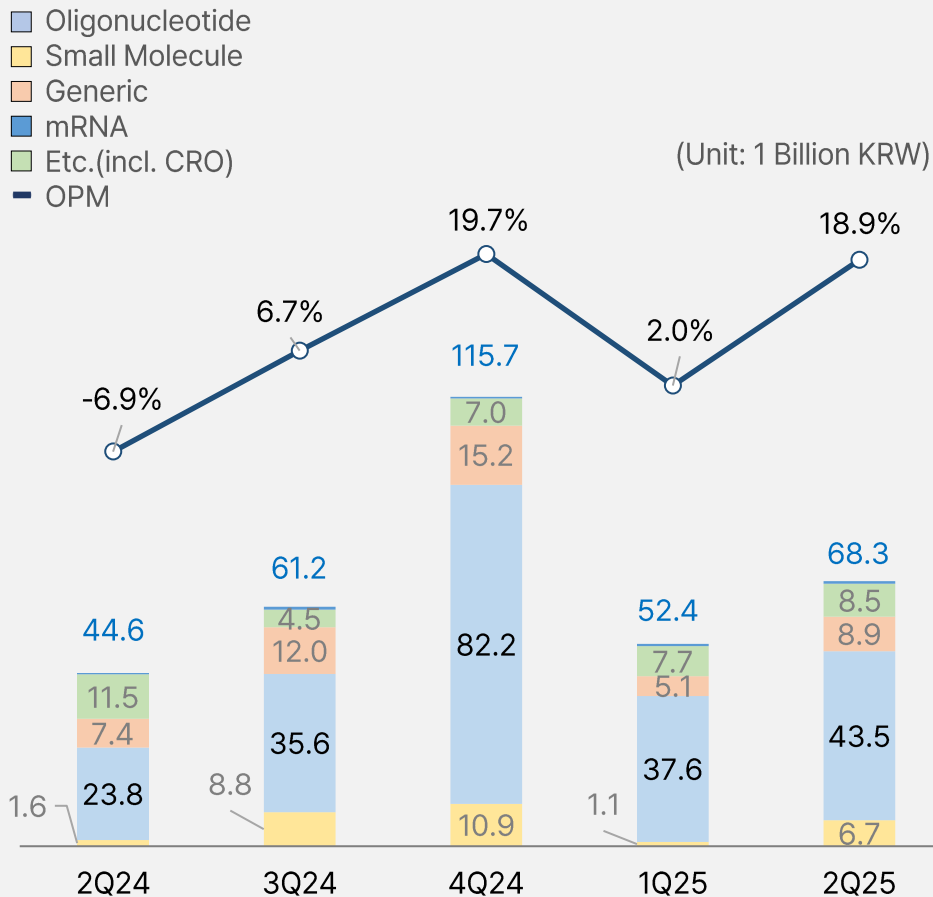
These forward-looking statements are based on our current expectations and beliefs concerning future developments and their potential effects on the Group. Such forward-looking statements are inherently subject to risks, uncertainties, and assumptions that could cause actual results to differ materially from those expressed in these forward-looking statements.

We caution investors not to place undue reliance on any forward-looking statements. These statements speak only as of the date they are made, and we undertake no obligation to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events, or otherwise, except as required by law. Additionally, please note that the financial figures and metrics presented in these Investor Relations materials are preliminary and have not yet been audited by an independent auditor. These numbers may be subject to change in future finalized disclosures.



Consolidated Financial Results

Quarterly Performance Trend



Financial Statement

2Q Revenue ₩68.3B, Operating Profit ₩12.9B, Net Profit ₩5.4B

- 1) Revenue growth driven by major commercial projects from CDMO business
Operating profit boosted from high-margin products & large sales volume
- 2) Reiterate annual revenue guidance of ₩320bn. Minor losses expected from CRO

(Unit: 1 Billion KRW)

Category	'25.2Q	'24.2Q	2024	YoY
Revenue	68.3	44.6	273.8	53.1%
Cost of Goods Sold	36.2	29.3	177.6	23.6%
Gross Profit	32.0	15.3	96.2	109.5%
SG&A Expenses	19.1	18.3	68.5	4.1%
R&D Expenses	6.1	6.1	22.1	0.2%
Operating Profit	12.9	-3.1	27.7	-
Net Profit	5.4	0.9	32.5	491.7%
Gross Profit Margin	46.9%	34.3%	35.1%	12.6%p
Operating Profit Margin	18.9%	-	10.1%	-
Net Profit Margin	7.9%	2.0%	11.9%	5.8%p

Business Segment Breakdown

(Unit: 1 Billion KRW)

Sector	'24.2Q	'24.3Q	'24.4Q	'25.1Q	'25.2Q	YoY
Subtotal (% of Revenue)	23.8 (53.3%)	35.6 (58.1%)	81.3 (69.7%)	37.6 (71.7%)	43.5 (63.8%)	83.0%
Oligo. CDMO						
Commercial	13.1	29.6	62.9	32.4	37.2	184.1%
Clinical	10.7	5.9	18.5	5.1	6.3	-41.1%
Small Molecule API (SMA)	1.6	8.8	10.9	1.1	6.7	312.2%
mRNA	0.3	0.8	0.4	0.6	0.7	177.0%
Generic API (GA)	7.4	12.0	15.2	5.3	8.9	19.7%
Others	0.5	0.0	0.4	0.0	0.0	-97.9%
Separate Revenue	33.6	57.2	109.1	44.7	59.8	77.8%
Subsidiaries (CRO)	11.0	4.5	6.6	7.7	8.5	-23.7%
Consolidated Revenue	44.6	61.2	115.7	52.4	68.3	52.8%

Comments

Oligo API business sales increased 83.0% YoY

- Oligonucleotide API
Oligo Backlog Value ≈ \$240M (CHF/USD = 1.2)
Stable sales generated from commercial projects
Majority of clinical project sales focused in 4Q
- Earlier-than-planned operations for 2nd Oligo Plant
Small-scale clinical trial batches production in 3Q
GMP, commercial projects produced from 4Q onward
- Overseas Subsidiaries
KRW 0.2 bn losses from CRO and other subsidiaries
P/L of CROs near BEP level in 2Q, resulting from cost-cutting measures
- Anticipated Events in 2025
[Oligo] HAE project (Client, Approval),
FCS/sHTG project (Client, P3 results),
2nd Oligo Plant Operation
[SM] Mitochondrial deficiency project (Client, Approval)
[Pipeline] Pirmitegravir P2 interim results



PART 01

Introduction



Summary

(By end of 2024)

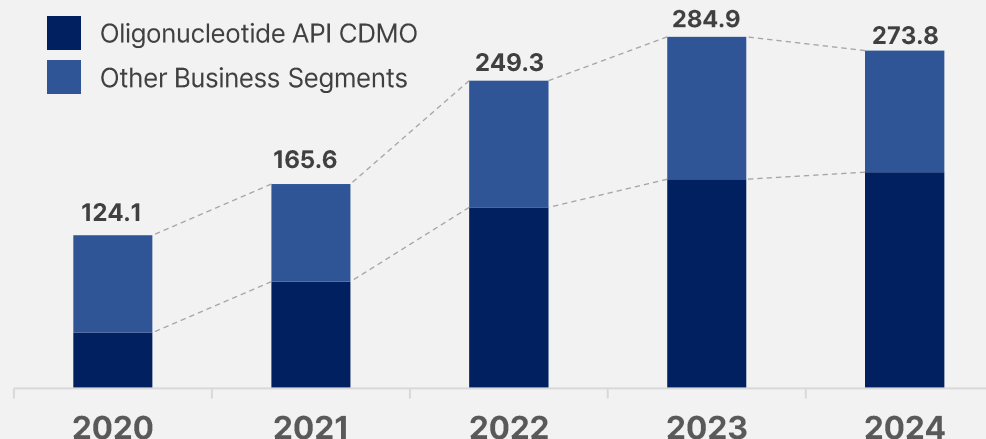
Establishment	1983
Equity	503 Billion KRW
Employees	664
Revenue	274 Billion KRW (Overseas 79%, Domestic 18%)
Shareholders	Affiliated / Affiliated Persons hold 38.7%

API CDMO specializing in xRNA Therapies

- Major global player in Oligonucleotide API CDMO
- CDMO service ranging from Small Molecule to xRNA
- Solid records in both CDO and CMO areas

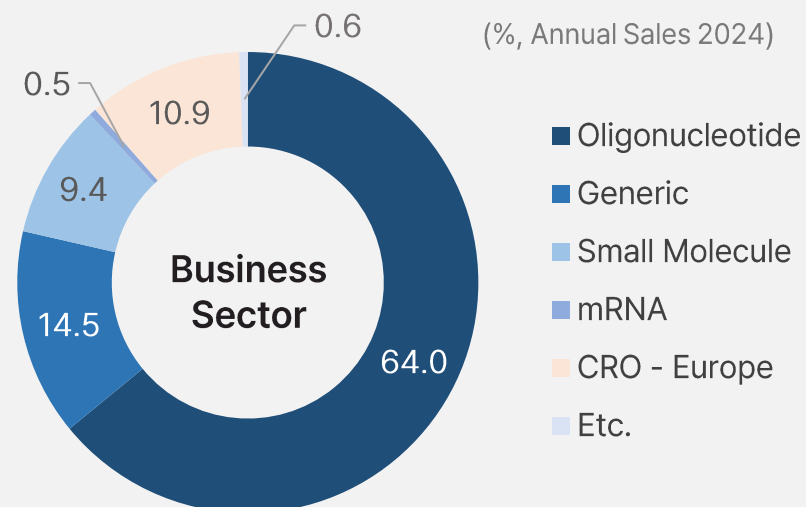
Consolidated Annual Revenue

(Unit: 1 Billion KRW)



Revenue Breakdown

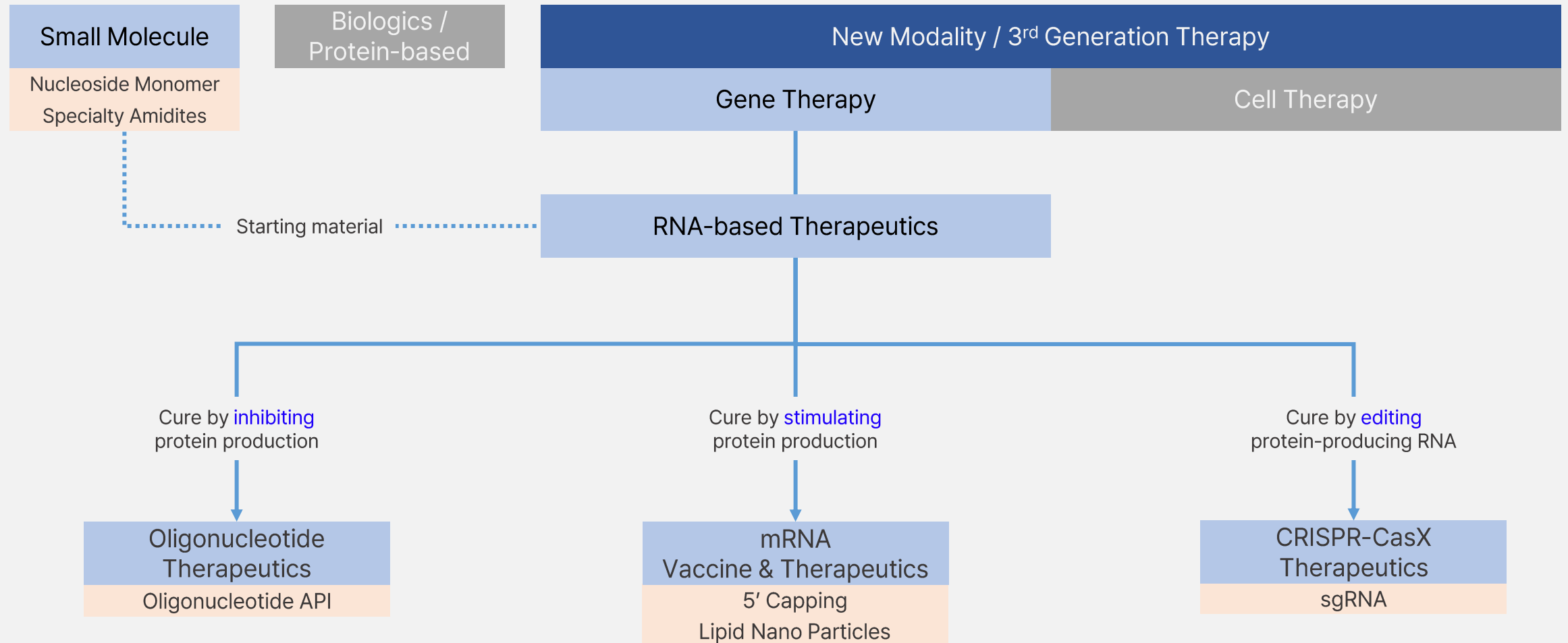
(%, Annual Sales 2024)





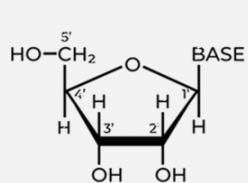
Therapeutics Landscape by Modality

■ Business Areas ■ STP Manufacturable Substance

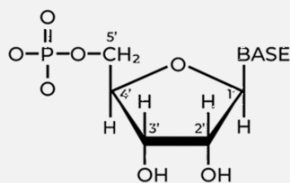




Nucleosides API



Nucleoside



Nucleotide

CDMO specializing in small-molecule nucleoside APIs for anti-viral medications

API Supplier of

GSK Thymidine

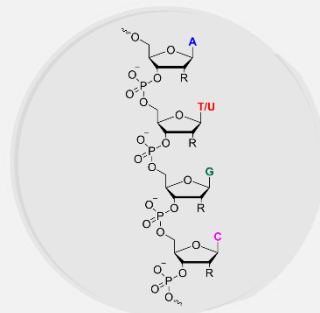
GSK Zidovudine

Novartis Telbivudine

Gilead Sofosbuvir

Integrated value chain from nucleosides to phosphoramidites

Oligonucleotide API



Oligonucleotide
(Single-strand)

2018

- First commercial-scale Oligo Plant

2022

- NAI grade from US FDA PAI Inspection

2024

- MDS Oligo CDMO project received US FDA Approval
- Rare CVD Oligo CDMO received US FDA Approval

2025

- HAE Oligo CDMO project received US FDA Approval

xRNA CDMO Platform



2023

- Commercial-scale mRNA production facility

2024

- Application of STLNP® Patent(PCT)
- Supply Agreement with Quantoom Bio.
- Completion of in-house developed 5'-Capping (SmartCap®)

2025

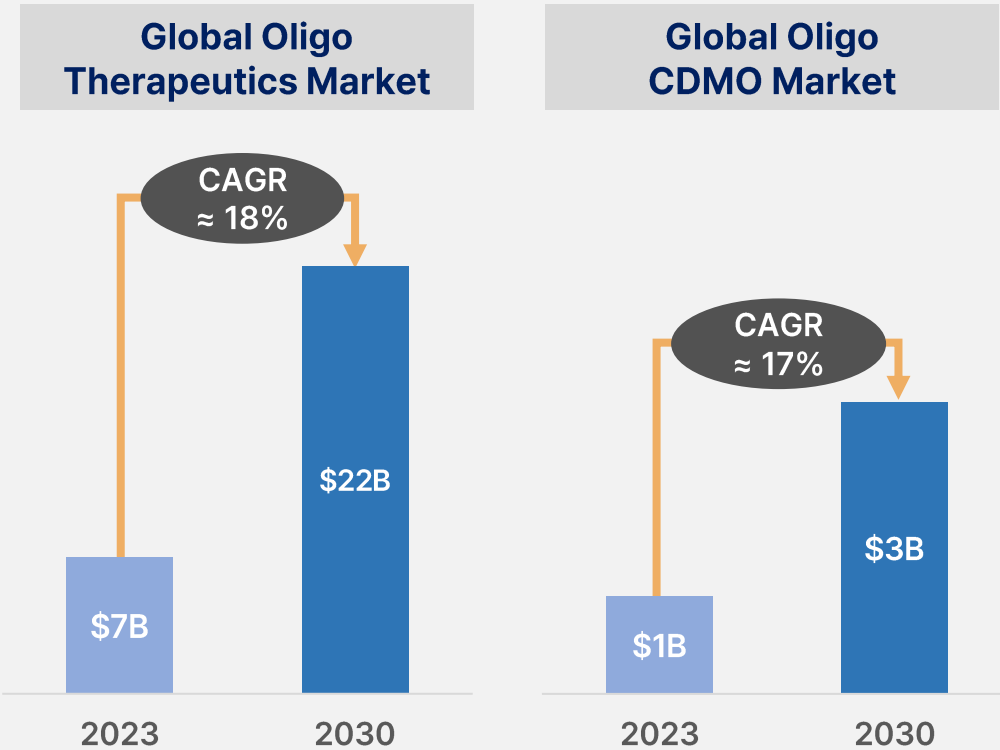
- mRNA Partnership with Evonik AG (SmartCap®)



■ Oligonucleotide Market Growth Forecast

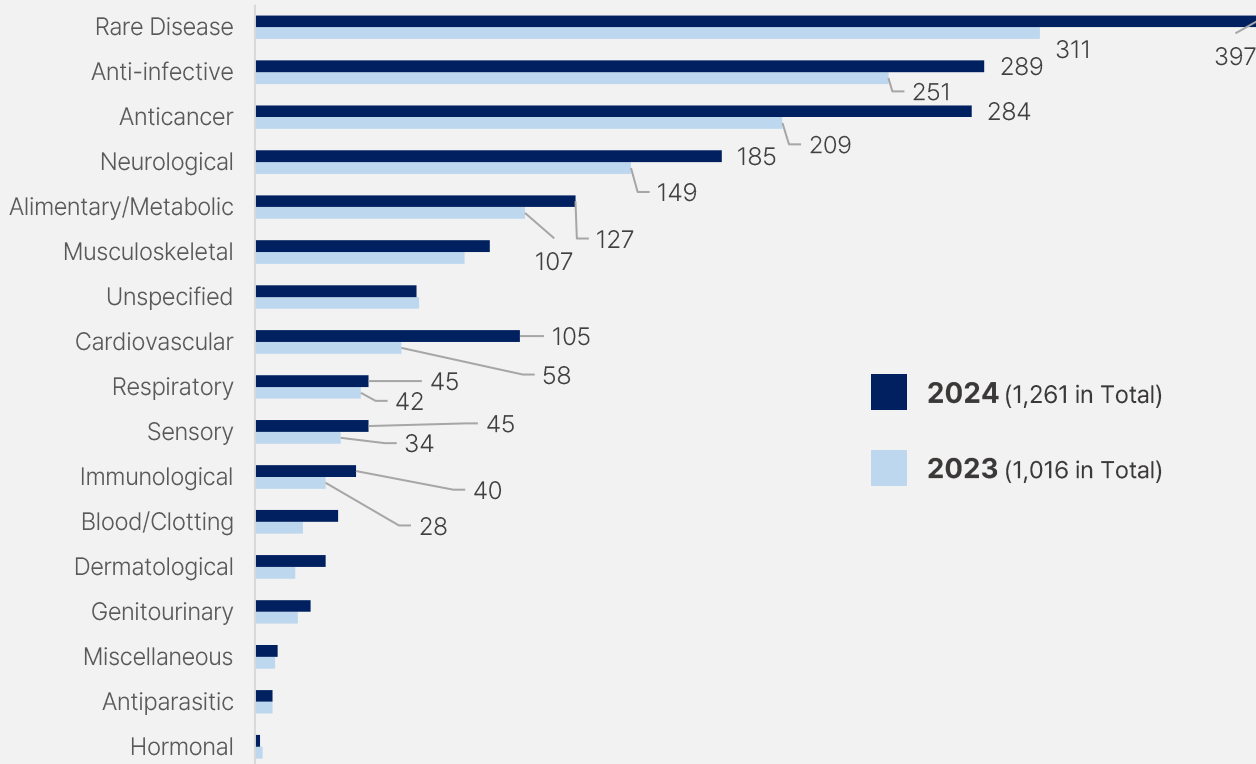
Therapeutics market size to achieve **double-digit growth** through 2030, with CDMO market reflecting ≈15% of downstream market

R&D landscape expanding to target diseases with larger population → **from rare & hereditary to chronic diseases (CVD, metabolic, etc.)**



[Referred Source: Cortellis, 2023]

[Pipelines targeting diseases with larger population increasing]



[Referred Source: American Society of Gene and Cell Therapy]



PART 02

Business Overview



Overall Capacity

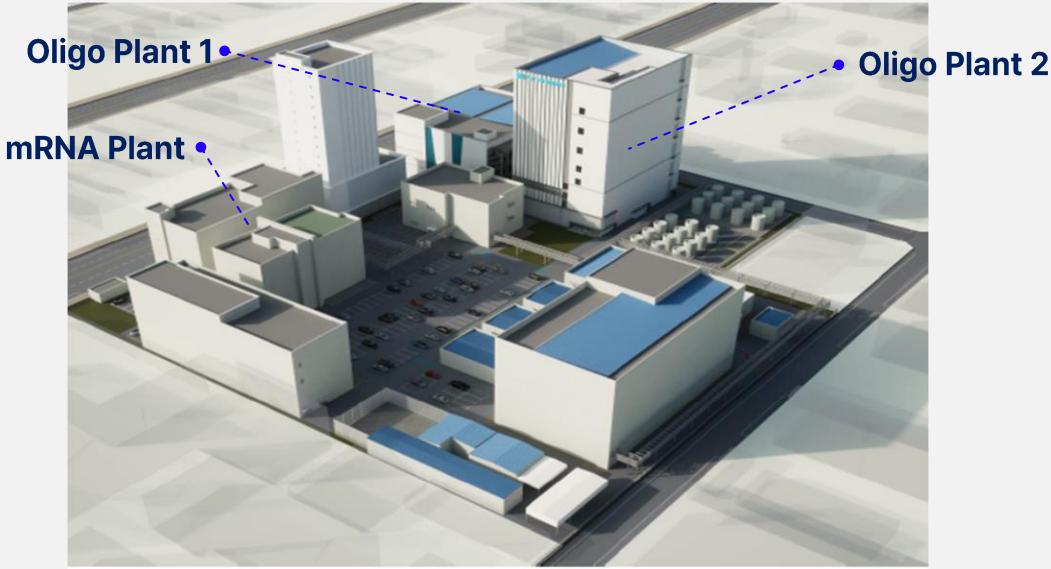
Facility	Chemical Plant	Oligo Plant	mRNA Plant
	SM, Generic, Monomer	Oligonucleotide API	mRNA, Lipid Nano Particles
Equipment Status	96 (Reactors)	6 (Lines)	-
Total Capacity	376,250 L	6 ~ 8 moles*	Max. 100M Dose/Year

* Include Plant 1 and Plant; Plant 2 operational since July 2025
** Additional expansion of Plant 2 planned during 2027 ~ 2028

View of Siwha Campus



View of Banwol Campus

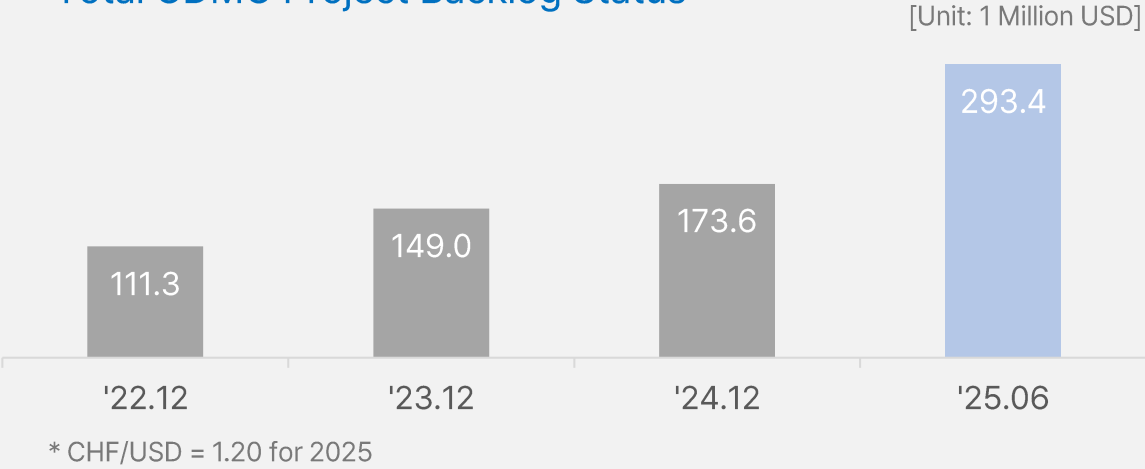




Major CDMO Projects

#	Client	Indication / Target Disease	Stage			
			P1	P2	P3	Approved
Oligonucleotide API						
1	Client A	Hyperlipidemia				
		CVRR	Indication expansion			
2	Client B	Spinal Muscular Atrophy (SMA)				
3	Client C	Myelodysplastic Syndrome (MDS)				
		Myelofibrosis (MF)	Indication expansion			
4	Client D	Familial Chylomicronaemia Synd.				
		Severe Hyper-triglyceridema	Indication expansion			
5	Client D	Hereditary Angioedema				
6	Client A	Atherosclerosis				
7	Client F	IgA Nephropathy				
8	Client E	Chronic Hepatitis B				
9	Client F	Chronic Hepatitis B				
10	Client F	Huntington's Disease				
Small Molecule API						
11	Client G	Not disclosed				
12	Client H	Mitochondrial Dysfunction				

Total CDMO Project Backlog Status



Oligo CDMO Project Backlog Status (as of Jun. 25)

[Unit: 1 Million USD]

Category	End of 2022	End of 2023	End of 2024	Newly Added in 2025
Commercial	13.2	36.1	106.5	47.5
Clinical	67.2	81.4	47.7	38.3
Total (Accumulated)	80.4	117.4	154.2	240.0

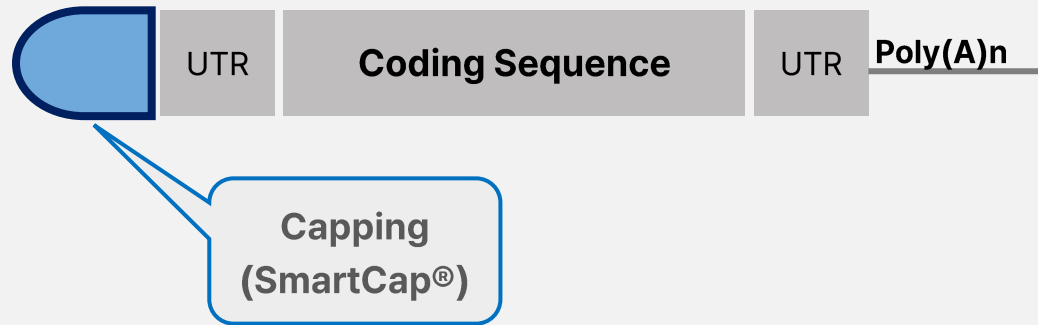
* Backlog status based on date of Product Order receival
** Commercial/Clinical project determined based on date of pipeline's new drug approval
*** CHF/USD = 1.20 for "Newly Added in 2025"



■ In-house Platform Technologies

SmartCap® (Stability)

- Registered patent in Korea
- Ongoing PCT International Patent Publication
- Over 30 capping analogues → highly customizable
- Efficacy & Safety data through STP-2104 clinical trial



Supply Agreements & Partnerships:



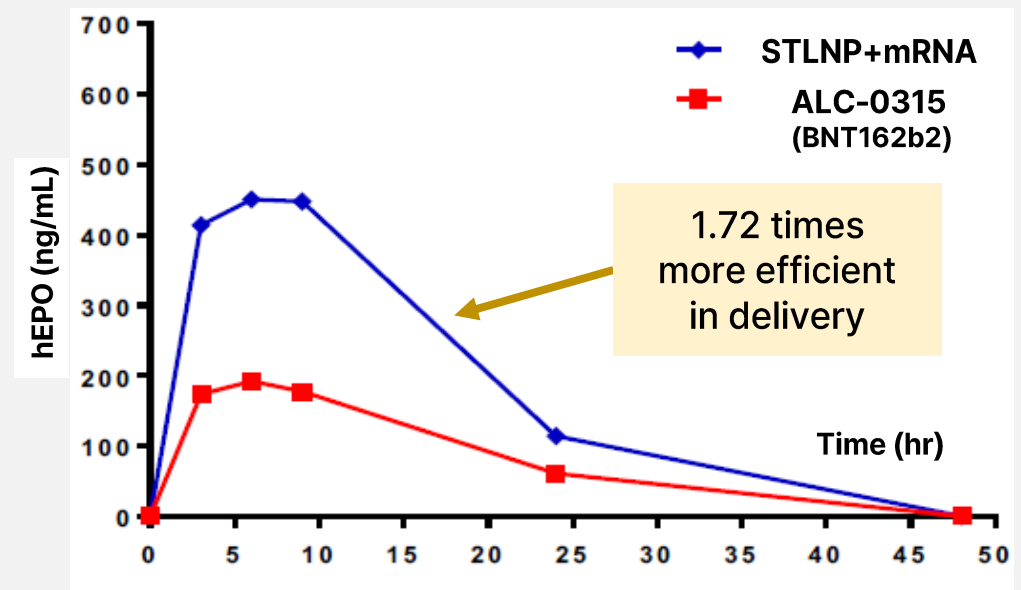
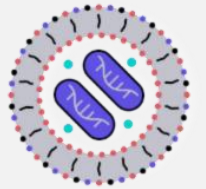
Aug. 2024



Jan. 2025

STLNP® (Delivery)

- Ongoing PCT International Patent Publication
- Delivery efficacy data observed from nonclinical study





PART 03

Technology & Pipeline

Development of **Enzymatic Ligation** approach to revolutionize API production at scale...

Our Approach

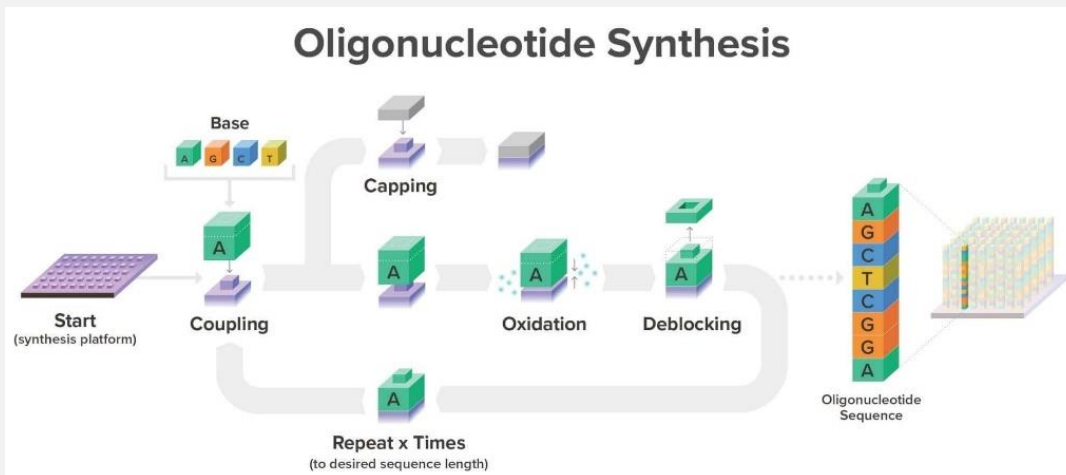
- 1) Synthesize monomers into shortmers instead of phosphoramidites as individual building blocks
- 2) Synthesize shortmers into full-length oligo APIs through enzymatic ligation

** Ongoing joint research with global pharmaceuticals/clients for commercialization of technology*

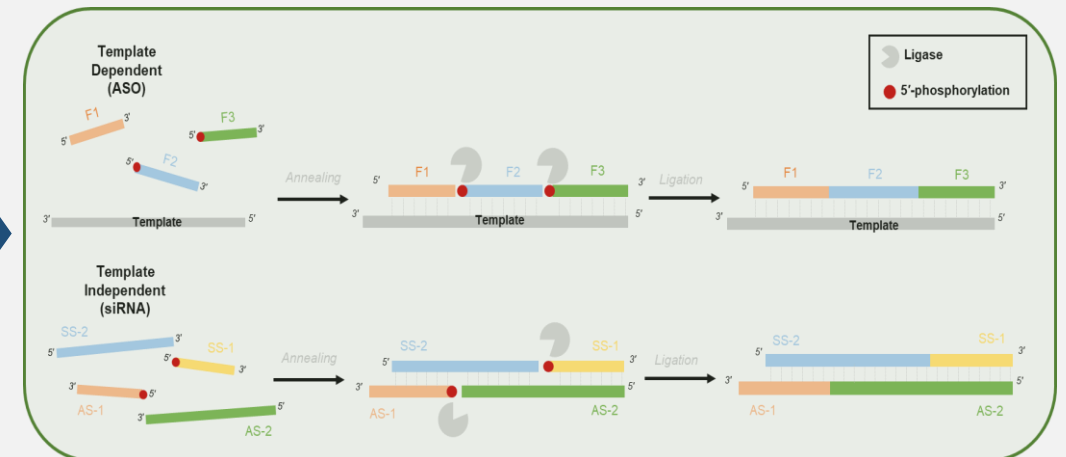
Why it matters

- Improves scalability & lowers production cost
- Eco-friendly, by using non-chemical organic solvents (ex. water)
- Allow efficient synthesis of longer-length oligomers/oligonucleotides

[Solid Phase OS]



[Enzymatic Ligation OS]



[Source: Twist Bioscience]



■ sgRNA synthesis in response to CRISPR-Cas demands

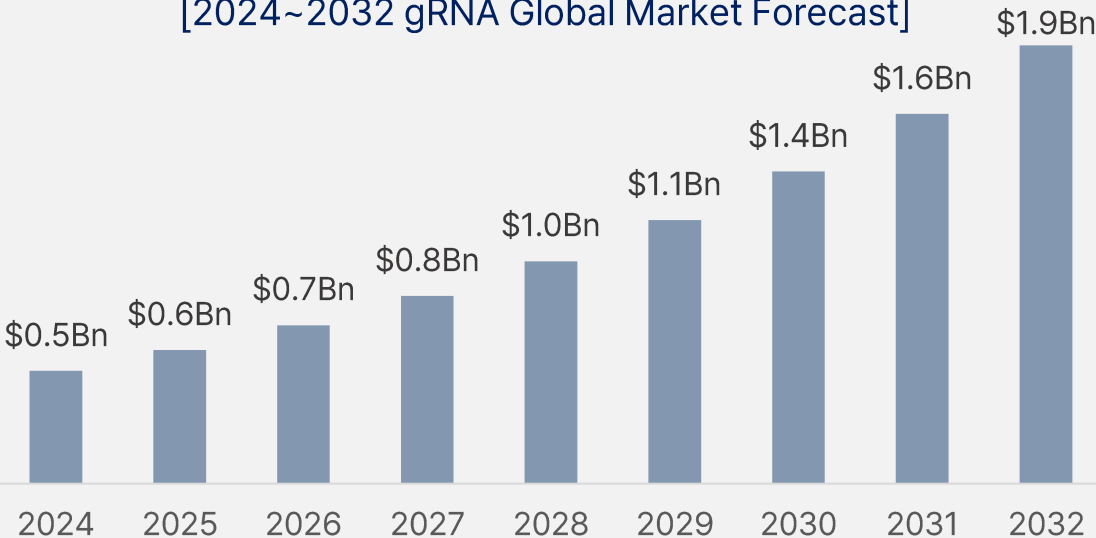
Successful manufacturing of 100-mer sgRNA

- Backed by +20 years of expertise in oligo-/nucleotide synthesis and development of analytical methods
- In-house capability from synthesis-purification to analysis

Ongoing developments and production augmentation

- 130-mer sgRNA development work-in-progress
- On schedule for installing dedicated line during 1Q.2025

[2024~2032 gRNA Global Market Forecast]



[100-mer sgRNA Purification Results]

As of Oct. 2024

Length	Modification	Crude (Pre-Purification)	Post Purification
100 mer	2'-OH	7~17 %	79~87%*

* Major competitor Target purification $\geq$ 80% (100-mer)

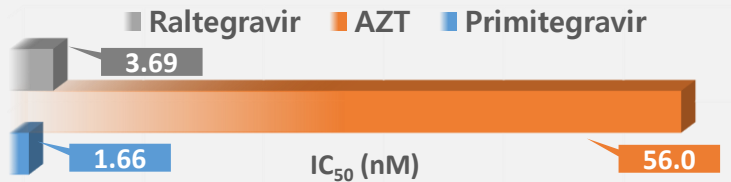
[Production Facility Status (GMP)]

Status	Line	Capability
Installed	R&D Lab Line* (non-GMP)	50 μ mol ~ 1.2 mmol
Installed	Small-scale Line*	1.2~20 mmol
Planned	Small-scale Line [sgRNA-dedicated]	1.2 mmol scale

* Currently utilizing two installed lines for both oligonucleotide & sgRNA synthesis



■ Anti-viral Efficacy (Preclinical, Cell Line MT-4)



■ Anti-viral Efficacy against Resistant HIV (Preclinical)

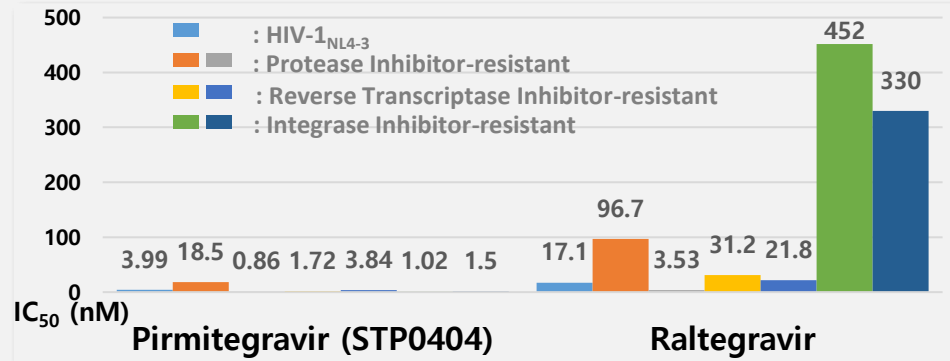


Table 3. Antiviral activity in Raltegravir-resistant strains

Compounds	Average IC ₅₀ (range, nM)	
	PBMC	MT-4
STP0404	0.08 (0.02~0.22)	2.49 (0.95~3.48)
Zidovudine	7.96 (0.22~20.7)	37.94 (29.7~57.6)
Raltegravir	1,227.70 (12.5~3,036)	2525 (351~4,322)
Elvitegravir	-	2751.5 (276~10,000)
Dolutegravir	-	4.57 (3.07~8.54)

RAL-resistant strains: 4736_2, 4736_4, 8070_1, 8070_2, 1686_1

■ Clinical Trial Details

- Healthy 65 male volunteers (18~45 yrs old) enrolled in Phase 1
- No TEAEs in MAD 400 mg; no SAEs, severe AEs or deaths; MTD not reached
- Half-life > 20 h, T_{max} ~4-4.5 h; broad therapeutic range (> 700-fold paEC₉₅)
- Slight accumulation in AUCs (~1.3-fold); food notably increased drug exposure (1.5~2-fold)
- Anti-viral efficacy against resistant HIV during Preclinical trial

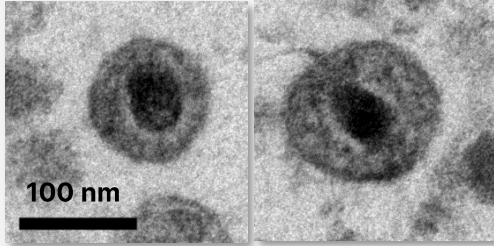
Phase 2a (U.S.) Clinical Trial Details (NCT05869643)

- Evaluation of antiviral effect, safety, tolerability, and pharmacokinetics in adult participants with HIV-1infection
- Randomized, Double-Blinded, Placebo-Controlled, Multicenter Study
- Approximately 36 enrollments (Jul. 2025)
- Arms: Cohort 1 (low-dose), Cohort 2 (medium-dose), Cohort 3 (high-does) + Placebo Comparator for each Cohorts

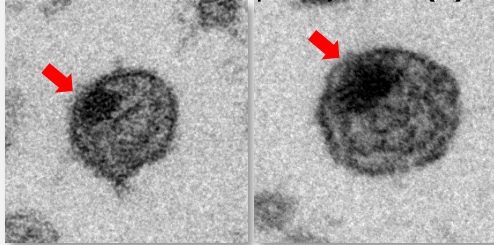


STP0404 Mechanism of Action

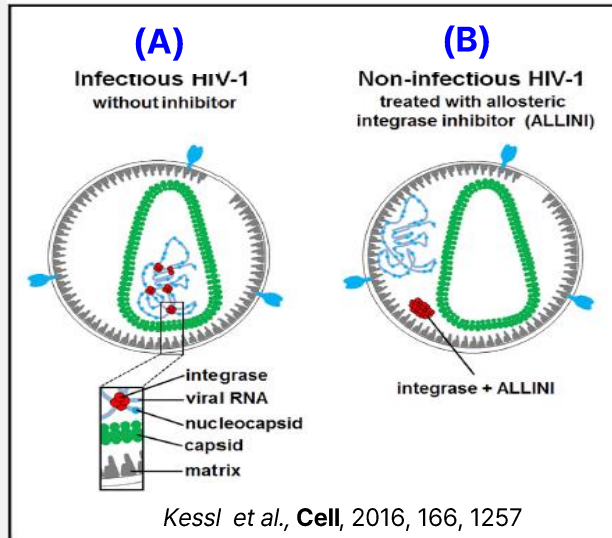
Before Injection (A)



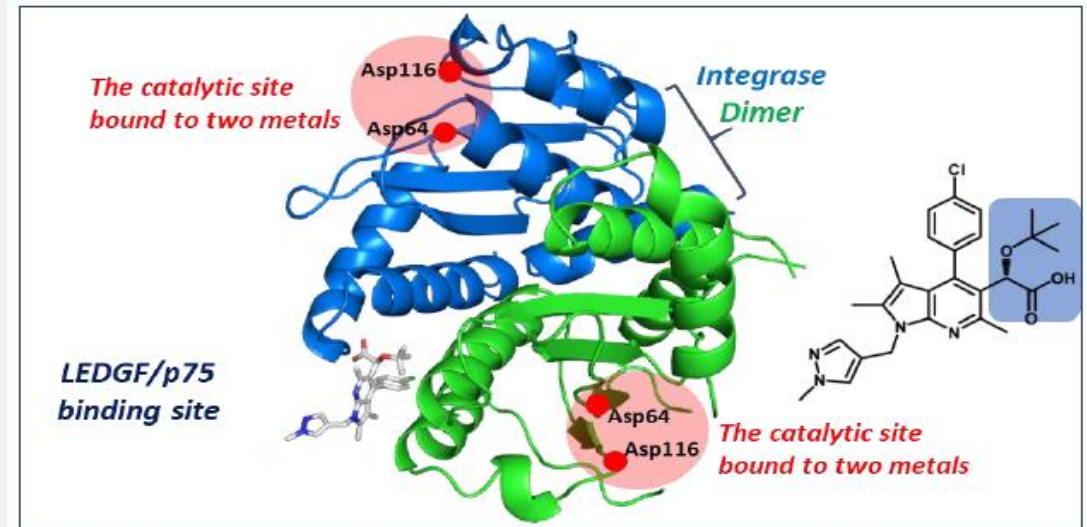
After STP0404 0.2µM Injection (B)



TEM study in Emory Univ.



STP0404 X-ray Structure



- New mechanism ALLINI (Allosteric integrase inhibitor) founded by Prof. M. Kvaratskhelia (Univ. of Colorado) in 2016
- HIV-1 integrase binds the viral RNA genome and plays an essential role during virion morphogenesis (A)
- ALLINI induces aberrant integrase(IN) multimerization and binds to viral RNA, leading to [mislocalization of viral RNA](#) (B)
- STP0404 leads to mislocalization of vRNP* complexes outside the viral capsid, allowing the [formation of non-infectious HIV-1](#) (B)
- New MOA for HIV-cure as “[maturation inhibitor](#)” - “[Divide and Conquer](#)”, not ‘Shock & Kill’ or ‘Block & Lock’
- Identification of ALLINI mechanism supported by US NIH grants in 2018. Collaboration with Emory University & University of Colorado Boulder

* Viral ribonucleoprotein



PART 04

Appendix



Overview

RNA Therapeutic is **3rd-Gen therapy** that allows a more fundamental treatment by **silencing or inhibiting expression of disease-inducing protein**
 Only 3% of all DNAs is transcribed to proteins via mRNA
 The remaining 97% is transcribed to RNA
 Most RNA functions unidentified ► Great potential RNA-related treatments

RNA-based Therapeutics

Mechanism: Inhibits expression of harmful proteins RNA

Types: **Anti-sense (ASO)**, **siRNA**, **miRNA** etc.

Examples : Spinraza (Ionis / Biogen) Spinal Muscular Atrophy

Leqvio (Alnylam / Novartis) Hereditary Hyperlipidemia

Characteristics of RNA-based Therapeutics

Strengths : High selectivity over target proteins

Quick & cost-effective development ► **≥ 2yr of Pre-clinical phase**

Very low tolerance

Excellent drug persistence ► **Leqvio 6-months**

Lower drug price ► **Leqvio ≥ U\$4,000** while Repatha = U\$5,850

Weaknesses: Difficulty in delivery to organs/cells apart from liver or brain

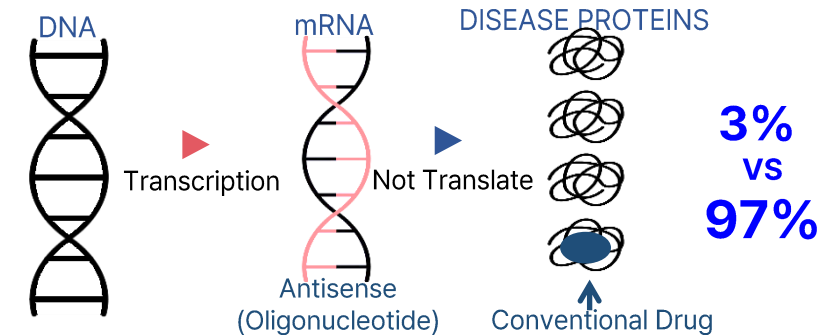
Require delivery technology such as LNP etc.

► New methods: Avidity's **Antibody oligonucleotide conjugates**

Difficulty in mass production ⇒ **Few capable CDMO companies**

Central Dogma & Non-coding DNA

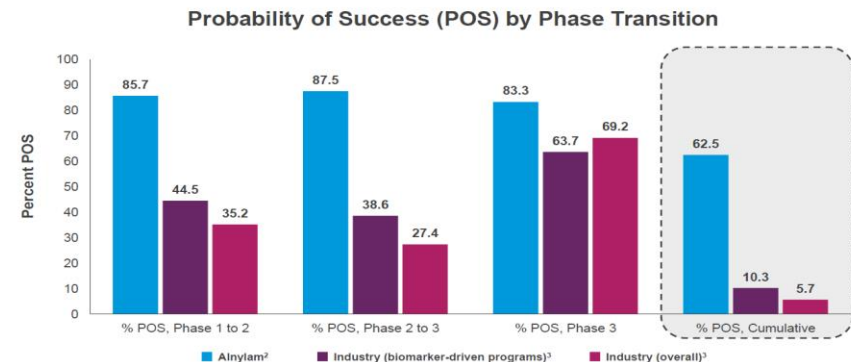
HOW RNA-BASED THERAPEUTICS WORK



Alnylam's siRNA Clinical Trial Success Rate : 62.5%

High-Yield Productivity of Alnylam RNAi Therapeutics Platform

Comparison of Historical Industry Metrics to Alnylam Portfolio¹



¹ Analysis as of December 2020; Past rates of Alnylam and industry respectively may not be predictive of the future
² Alnylam programs biomarker-driven at all stages of development (100%); figures include ALNY-originated molecules now being developed by partners
³ Wong et al., Biostatistics (2019) 20, 2, pp. 275-286

[Source : Alnylam]

Appendix



Summarized Consolidated Balance Sheet

[Unit : 1 Billion KRW]

	2Q24	3Q24	4Q24	4Q24	2Q25
Asset	666.2	691.6	721.9	742.2	732.4
Current Asset	324.4	323.5	330.1	336.7	322.5
Cash and Cash Equivalent	29.5	41.0	63.4	24.8	41.7
Account Receivables	44.6	50.5	67.8	56.6	57.5
Inventory	154.7	158.6	127.0	146.6	163.1
Non-current Asset	341.8	368.1	391.8	405.4	409.9
Liabilities	238.0	203.1	218.9	247.9	231.9
Current Liabilities	76.3	80.9	133.3	162.1	147.6
Non-current Liabilities	161.7	122.1	85.6	85.7	84.3
Short & Long-term Borrowings	156.1	118.6	115.5	74.4	76.5
Equity	428.2	488.5	503.0	494.3	500.5
Current Ratio	425.1%	399.7%	247.7%	207.7%	218.5%
Debt-to-Equity Ratio	55.6%	41.6%	43.5%	50.1%	46.3%
Borrowings / Equity	36.5%	24.3%	14.6%	15.0%	15.3%
Borrowings (excl. Cash) / Equity	29.6%	15.9%	2.0%	10.0%	7.0%



Summarized Consolidated Income Statement

[Unit : 1 Billion KRW]

	1Q24	2Q24	3Q24	4Q24	2024	2Q25
Revenue	51.7	44.6	61.7	115.7	273.8	68.3
Cost of Goods Sold	32.7	29.3	39.2	76.3	177.6	36.2
Gross Profit	19.0	15.3	22.5	39.4	96.2	32.0
SG & A Expenses	17.1	18.3	16.4	16.6	68.5	19.1
R&D Expenses	5.0	6.1	5.6	5.5	22.1	6.1
Operating Profit	1.9	-3.1	6.1	22.8	27.7	12.9
Non-operating Income	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.6	0.6	0.1
Non-operating Cost	1.4	0.2	0.1	0.6	2.3	0.6
Financial Income	10.3	7.3	14.0	3.7	35.3	2.0
Financial Cost	3.2	3.2	5.2	7.0	18.6	7.5
EBT	7.5	0.9	14.9	19.4	42.7	6.9
Net Profit	5.4	0.9	13.7	12.4	32.5	5.4
Gross Profit Margin	36.7%	34.3%	36.4%	34.0%	35.1%	46.9%
Operating Profit Margin	3.6%	-6.9%	9.9%	19.7%	10.1%	18.9%
EBT Margin	14.5%	2.0%	24.1%	16.8%	15.6%	10.1%
Net Profit Margin	10.5%	2.0%	22.2%	10.8%	11.9%	7.9%

Thank You

ST PHARM

Technology-Driven Gene therapy CDMO
From Oligonucleotide to xRNA

